State of the art of valve gearboxes The latest technologies

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Introduction: What is a gearbox?

Gearbox is an operating element mounted between actuator and valve

Gearbox functions:

- Valve automation
- Torque transmission
- Increase torque
- Reduce actuator speed
- Limit valve travel
- Guarantee self-locking
- Power split (2 gearboxes operated by 1 actuator)
- Save costs (avoid actuator oversizing)



1⁄4 turn gearbox for butterfly valve automation



Gearboxes for valves automation

Different gearbox design for different applications

Output Movement	1⁄4 turn	Multi-turn		Linear
Gearbox design				
Gear type	Worm	Bevel	Spur	Spindle
Application	e.g. butterfly and ball valves	e.g. gate valves	e.g. gate valves	e.g. plug valves



Gearbox for valve automation: applications examples



Multi turn gearboxes for weirs/locks (source: AUMA)



Mutli-turn gearbox with linear thrust unit for plug valves (source: AUMA)



Gearbox for valve automation: application examples



1/4 turn combined with a multi-turn gearboxes for weirs/locks (Source: CML SRL)



1/4 turn combined with a multi turn gearboxes for weirs/locks (source: AUMA)





Product Sizing

Proper sizing guarantees valve operability in each defined operating condition

General gearbox sizing rules:

- Deliver torques requested by the application
- Withstand torque delivered by the operator / actuator
- Reach the specified lifetime



Modularity

Modular design for high flexibility

- Valve attachment according EN ISO 5210 / 5211
- High parts interchangeability leads to **stock reduction**
- Easy commissioning with modular valve coupling
- High number of flange sizes per gearbox size
- Holes for **dowel pins** for flat mounting





No international standard specific to a gearbox exists

Type testing

Manufacturers have to guarantee gearbox lifetime performances

- "DIN EN 15714-2 Electric actuators for industrial valves" specifies
 - Torque load profiles
 - Lifetime in cycles
 - Maximum output torques per flange size (ISO 5210/11)





Corrosion protection

Gearbox shall maintain its integrity even in harsh polluted environment

- Powder coating
 - In use in industrial, automotive, furniture markets
 - Suitable for C5-M¹⁾ and Im²⁾ classes according EN ISO 12944-2
 - Protection layer is applied to the individual parts and baked
 - Mounted faces are powder coated beyond the joints
 - Housing parts are coated individually for assembly work no paint layer needs to be cracked/damaged
 - Valve attachment is also powder coated

C5- M^{1} = Area with high salinity, almost permanent condensation and high pollution Im^{2} = Underground application or immerged in water



Powder coating process (source: AUMA)



Gear materials

Appropriate material selection for parts included in power transmission

- Application oriented material matching to guarantee high efficiency, good heat transfer and long lifetime
 - e.g. bronze (BZ) with spheroidal cast iron (EN-GJS) for modulating duty
- State of the art **machining** to reach high surface quality and low friction
 - e.g. for worm wheels casting \rightarrow turning \rightarrow rolling \rightarrow grinding
- State of the art **surface treatment** to increase wear resistance, fatigue strength, lubricity

and corrosion protection e.g. gas, salt bath or plasma nitriting



Bronze welded worm wheel (source: AUMA)



Worm gear power transmission



Bronze (BZ) worm wheel (source: AUMA)



Gear geometry for 1/4 turn gearboxes

High end machining technologies allows complex gear geometries

- Worm gearbox: globoidal gear
 - More teeth in contact
 - Increased load capacity
 - High production cost

Globoidal worm wheel



Cylindrical worm shaft





Globoidal worm shaft

Globoidal worm wheel



Globoidal worm shaft

Picture source: www.ahoefler.de



Gear geometry for multi-turn application

High end machining technologies allows complex gear geometries

- Spiral bevel gear
 - High operating speeds
 - Increased load capacity
 - Noise reduction
 - High production cost



Bevel gear types (Source: Gleason)



Sealing

Avoid lubricant leakage and water, humidity, dust infiltration

- Seal materials
 - Seals should maintain their properties in each environment (Low/high temperatures, polluted and marine atmospheres)
 - E.g. EPDM (Ethylene propene), NBR (Nitrile) , FPM (Viton)
- Seal types
 - Adequate seal types for "dynamic" and "static" sealing should be selected





Proper seal assembly is mandatory = Quality

assurance program



Long life lubrication

- Lubrication influence:
 - Gear efficiency
 - Lifetime
 - Heat exchange
 - Noise
 - Allowable temperature range
 - Torques and loads
 - Operating speeds



Worm gearbox: lubricated worm wheel (Source: AUMA)

 Lubricant selection should match with the application and the environment (Sun exposition, drinking water, irradiation etc..)

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Grease instead of oil

- Grease is a nonfluid oil composed of and oil and a thickener
- Grease characteristics are reached with addition of additive compound
- State of the art lubrication with adhesive grease
 - No leakage caused by oil bleeding
 - User and environmentally friendly



Comparison of conventional and adhesive lubrication (source: AUMA) IVS 2015 • International Conference on Valve and Flow Control Technologies

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Grease characteristics

- Grease contains a thickener (soap fibres) which old a lubricating oil in suspension
- Length, form, orientation of the fibres defines grease properties (-60°C to +200°C)



Source: Shell Oil GmbH IVS 2015 • International Conference on Valve and Flow Control Technologies



Leakage free lubrication

- Cause of leakage n°1 : Gearbox tightness
 - Wrong seal material
 - Seal missing or damaged during assembly
 - Functional housing parts out of tolerances



- Oil release during storage as a result of temperature changes or vibration
- Cause of leakage n°3 = cause n°1 + cause n°2 +...



QA program including tightness test after assembly





End stops

Guarantee the valve integrity in case of actuator off-switch failure, and limits the valve travel in manual operation

- Two end stops design:
 - Travelling nut technology
 - End stop screws
- AWWA 506¹⁾ standard specifies end stop rigidity
- Withstand operator forces by manual operation
- Withstand actuator tripping torque
- Maintain operability before, during and after actuator tripping torque



Travelling nut (source: AUMA)



End stop screws (source: AUMA)

¹⁾ AWWA = American Water Works Association



Signalisation

Remote position signalisation

- Actuator redundancy
- Position indication of hand operated valves
- Mechanical or inductive position acquisition
- End position indication
- Intermediate position indication
- Remote 4-20 mA position indication
- Explosion-proof certification
- SIL certification



Gearbox remote position indication device (source: AUMA)



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